

Overview

- The Algorithm
- Pros and Cons
- Complexity
- Comparison with other algorithms
- Applications
- References

Why do we require sorting??

- Sorting
 - Reordering or organizing the input sequence to produce an output sequence which is in a particular logical order
- Easier to store and retrieve data
- Fundamental to most other algorithmic problems like binary search

Divide and Conquer Approach

- **Divide** the problem into a number of subproblems
- **Conquer** the sub-problems by solving them recursively
- **Combine** the solutions to the sub-problems into the solution for the original problem





3. Repeat

- Increment Up till Up is first element greater than pivot value
- Decrement Down till Down is first element less than or equal to pivot value
- If Up < Down, swap Up and Down until they cross each other



















• Not good for semi-ordered lists.



Comparison To Other Algorithms

- Bubble Sort
- Heapsort
- Mergesort
- Combsort

Applications

- Uniqueness Testing
- Deleting Duplicates
- Frequency Counting
- Efficient Searching

References

- <u>http://linux.wku.edu/~lamonml/algor/sort/quick.html</u>
 <u>http://www.iti.fh-</u>
- flensburg.de/lang/algorithmen/sortieren/quick/quicke n.htm
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quicksort
- <u>http://yagni.com/combsort/index.php</u>
- http://www.cise.ufl.edu/~ddd/cis3020/summer-97/lectures/lec17/sld002.htm